

Computer Architecture I - WS 07/08

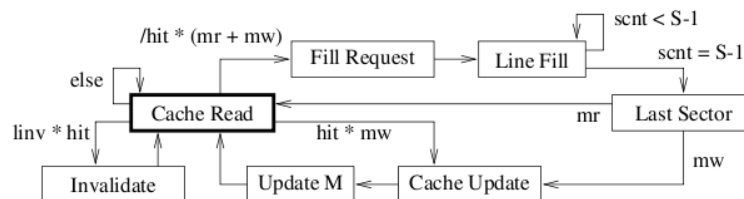
Exercise Sheet 11

Exercise 1: (warm up)

1. Ensure that you understand the direct-mapped cache invariant and the memory simulation invariant.
2. Ensure that you understand why the concept of caches works at all (spatial & temporal locality).

Exercise 2: (direct-mapped cache)

1. Construct a direct mapped cache for 16-bit addresses with the following parameters. It should consist of 16 cache lines. Each line should consist of 4 sectors. Each sector should consist of 2 words. Assume, all 16 valid bits are cleared initially.
2. Show the state of your cache after following transactions:
 - (a) a read from memory address 32769
 - (b) a write of word $w = b_3b_2b_1b_0$ to the address 23462
 - (c) a read from memory address 10000
 - (d) a snoop request to the memory address 23462
3. Consider the following flow chart of memory transactions for the write through policy:



Modify it for the write back policy.

Exercise 3: (encoder)

An encoder is a circuit, which transforms a unary number into its binary representation. Formally, it computes the function $enc : \mathbb{B}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{B}^{\log_2(m)}$, $enc(a) = bin_{\log_2(m)}(a)$ for unary a and m a power of two. Construct it, and prove its correctness.